Best Interests of Creditors Test -Section 1129(a)(7)

The Statute:

With respect to each impaired class of claims or interests -

(A) each holder of a claim or interest of such class -

(i) has accepted the plan; or

(ii) will receive or retain under the plan on account of such claim or interest property of a value, as of the effective date of the plan, that is not less than the amount that such holder would so receive or retain if the debtor were liquidated under chapter 7 of this title on such date

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• This section is often referred to as the "best interests" test.

- The best interests test focuses on individual dissenting creditors rather than classes of claims. <u>See id.; see also Bank of America Nat. Trust and Sav. Assn. v. 203 N. LaSalle, 526 U.S. 424, 441 n.13 (1999).</u>
- The court "must find that each [dissenting] creditor will receive or retain value that is not less than the amount he [or she] would receive if the debtor were liquidated." See Leslie Fay, 207 B.R. at 787. The section only to non-accepting impaired claims or equity interests.
- A court, in considering whether a plan satisfies the "best interests" test, is not required to consider any alternative to the plan other than the dividend projected in a liquidation of all of the debtor's assets under chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code. See <u>In re Crowthers McCall Pattern</u>, Inc., 120 B.R. 279, 298 (Bankr, S.D.N.Y. 1990).

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APPLICATION OF THE BEST INTERESTS TEST

Estimate the cash proceeds from the liquidation of debtor's assets.

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 Determine the distribution of the proceeds to claimants voting to reject the plan and compare to what the rejecting claimant would receive in a chapter 7 (Section 726 of the Bankruptcy Code).













